Financial Literacy for Women Entrepreneurs



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Foreword

Funded by IMTFI (University of California, Irvine), IFMR LEAD (Institute for Financial Management and Research, Chennai) conducted a study in Dharavi, Mumbai - Asia's largest urban slum. The research was aimed at understanding the social, cultural and economic factors influencing modes of payments (cash versus electronic) used by small scale entrepreneurs. Our findings indicate a strong preference for cash, which is a culturally accepted payment mode for business transactions.

Our study particularly recognized women entrepreneurs as potential users of mobile banking services- if provided with relevant knowledge about these services. In our study region, a majority of women entrepreneurs had bank accounts and mobile phones. Despite bank accounts, women preferred using expensive and risker informal saving mechanisms such as chit funds. Additionally, women had adopted several strategies to hide money at home - in food jars, pile of clothes, and so on, because their husbands squandered away savings on temptation goods, gambling and addictive substances. In addition, women did not actively use banking services because they were not confident about their financial skills or did not have necessary knowledge about the usage of banking products available to them. Thus, we hypothesize that low levels of financial literacy might be associated with low usage of banking services and high usage of riskier savings options among this group.



Foreword

We have designed context-specific financial literacy modules that not only aim to address the knowledge gap about financial products and services, but also the underlying behavioural biases impacting financial decisions. The modules are being developed as a series of "comic books" using a story telling approach.

We are using two relatable characters Saraswati and Radha, and their stories emphasize financial behaviour of two individuals in cashless versus cash-only scenarios. Using real life stories we have tried to document the financial adversities that women face, and how they resolve financial crisis through better financial management and by modifying behaviours impacting women's financial situation.

We have designed easy-to-understand visual and numerical illustrations of financial concepts, including importance of saving at a formal financial institution, money lost in delayed savings or lost interest, the power of compound interest growth, convenient options for banking via banking agents and mobile banking services. Additionally, we have tried to inform women about the (i) financial discipline, and (ii) approachable solutions that reduce savings inertia.

Each story ends with a question answer section and a review about the lessons learnt from the story. The question answer section asks respondents about the various topics in the story, and the lessons learnt section reiterates the important lessons learnt from the story. The purpose of this section is to solidify the lessons from each story using an easy to understand interactive style.



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Story 1: Importance of saving

During the monsoon season, a water-borne disease outbreak in the slum causes all the children –including Saraswati's and Radha's— to fall sick. The story highlights how Saraswati copes with the unexpected expenditure by using her Bank savings, where as Radha takes out a loan to pay for the unexpected expenses.

Story 2: How to prepare the budget

Radha recognizes the importance of savings and budgeting. She asks Saraswati how to prepare a budget to help save for family's needs. The story shows how a simple yet effective budget can be prepared.

Story 3: Issues with cash on hand

Both Saraswati and Radha are saving for Diwali. Saraswati deposits her savings with the Bank, whereas Radha hides her money at home. The story highlights the financial adversities that Radha faces from keeping cash on hand.

Story 4: Risk of saving with informal institutions

Saraswati deposits her money at the Bank, whereas Radha saves with a Chit Fund. One day, Saraswati's bank closes down. At the same time, savings collected at Radha's Chit Fund group get robbed. The story highlights the risk of saving with informal institutions, and the role of Banks and the Government in protecting investments.



Table of Contents

Story 5: Power of compound interest

Saraswati shares with Radha the importance of compound interest in building long-term savings. The story highlights the power of compound interest – the ability to earn interest on interest.

Story 6: Opening of bank accounts

Even though Radha wants to use the banking services, she is reluctant to open an account due to psychological and time constraints. Saraswati helps Radha by addressing her concerns, and highlights the importance of using banking services.

Story 7: Banking services

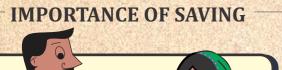
Despite having opened bank account, Radhas till has her doubts about using it due to perceived inconveniences of long waiting lines at the Bank and time spent conducting transactions. Saraswati in forms Radha about modern banking services that can be used to save time and improve convenience for banking customers.

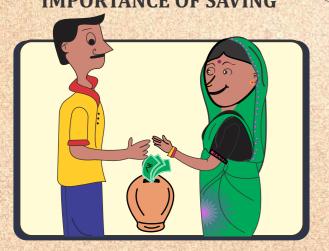
Story 8: Engagement in Self Help Groups

Saraswati explains why Radha can benefit from her participation in Self Help Groups promoted by government and non-government agencies



Story 1





Story 2

HOW TO PREPARE THE BUDGET

Story 3

ISSUES WITH CASH ON HAND



Story 4

RISKS OF SAVING WITH INFORMAL INSTITUTIONS



Story 5

POWER OF COMPOUND INTEREST



Story 6

OPENING OF BANK ACCOUNTS



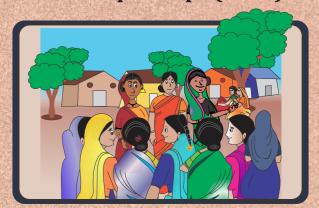
Story 7

BANKING SERVICES



Story 8

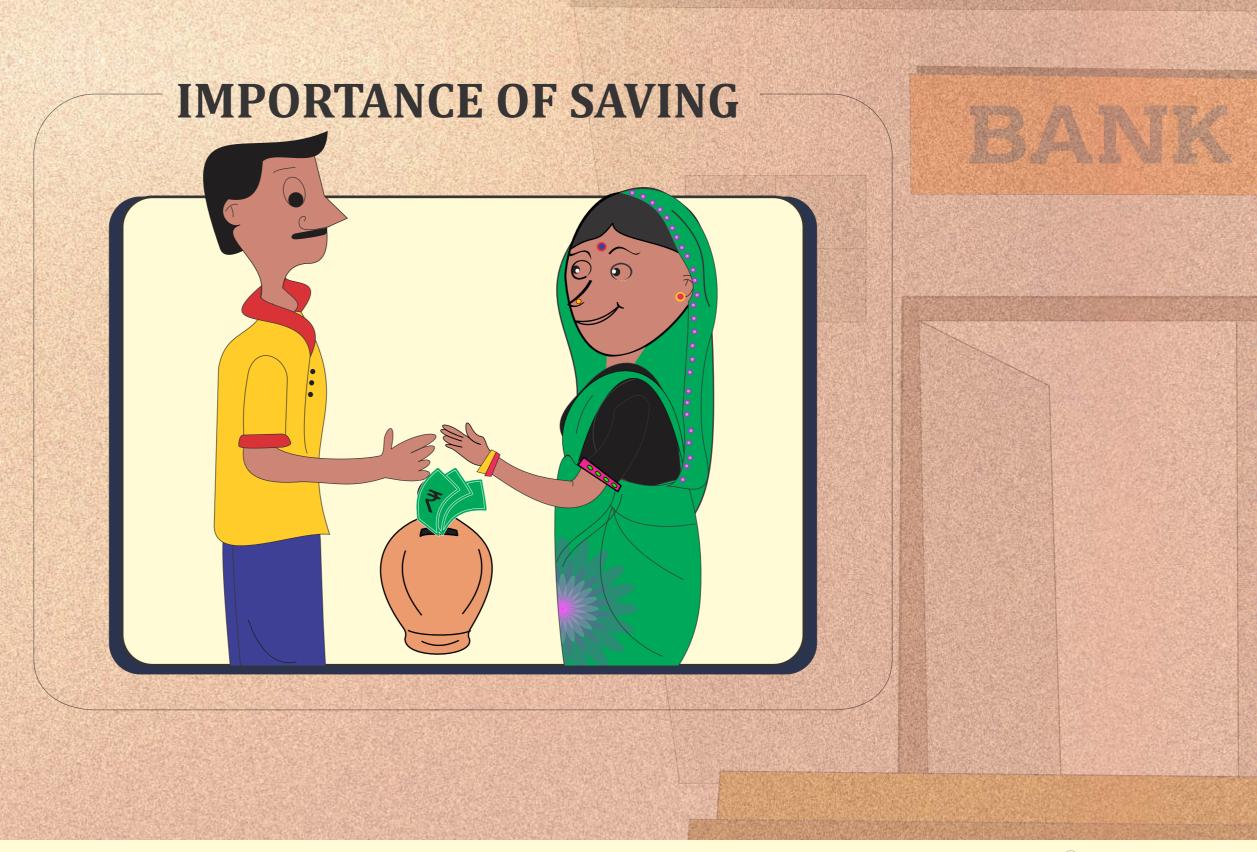
Engagement in Self Help Groups (SHGs)







Story 1





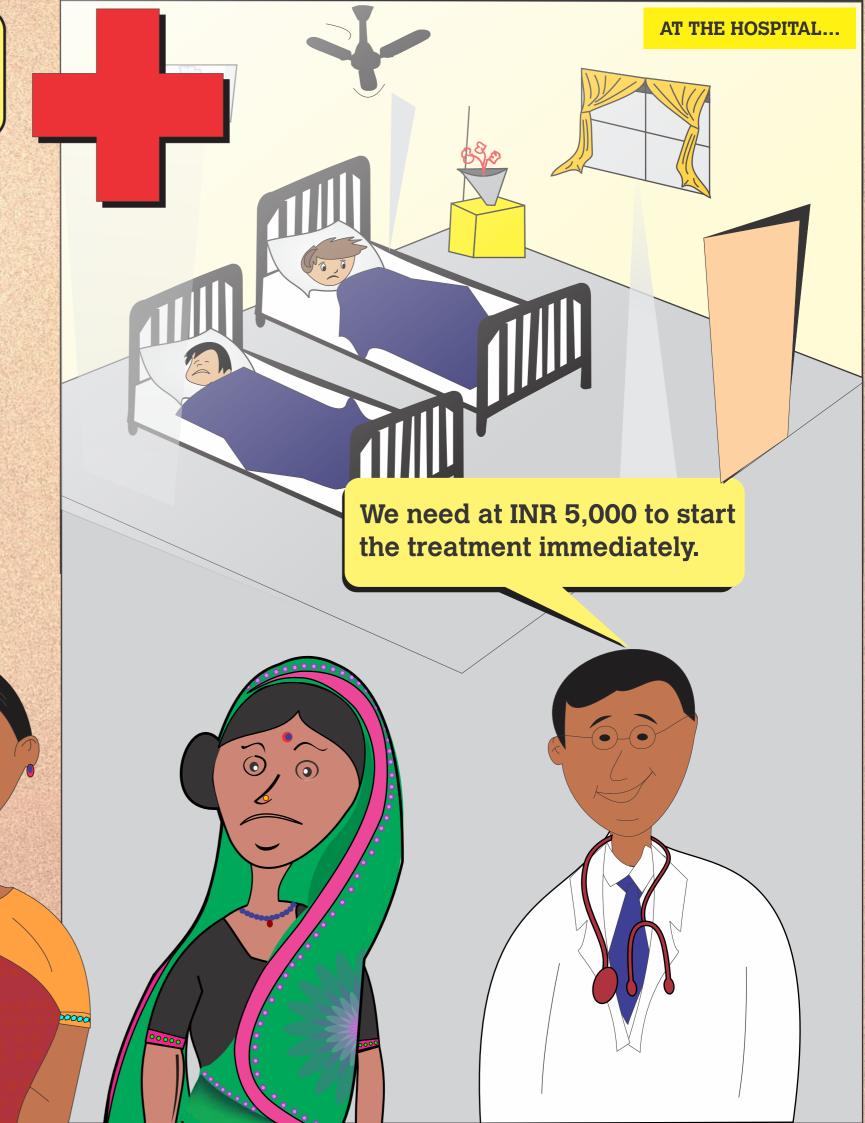


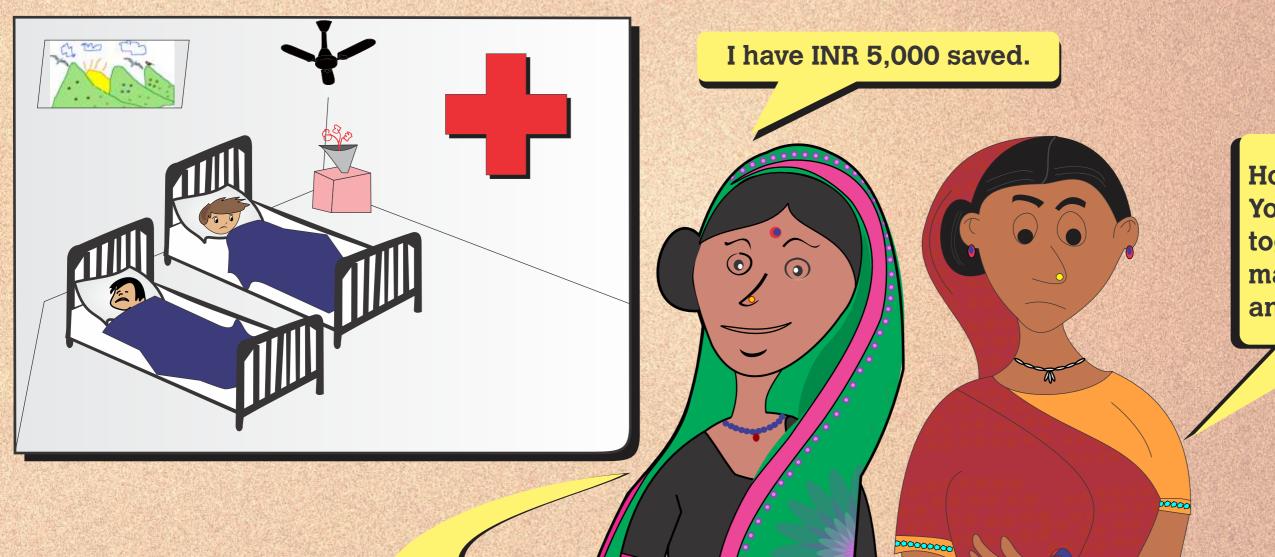


During monsoon season, due to water-borne disease outbreak in their slum, all children, including those of Saraswati and Radha, become sick.



How will we pay INR 5,000 for the treatment? I don't have any money to pay.





How is that possible? You and I are always together and I haven't managed to save anything.

I have been saving INR 30 every day. Each month I am able to save INR 900. In the past 6 months, I have been able to save nearly INR 5,500.



But how did you save money?



Instead of giving my children INR 20 for cold drinks and chips daily, I only give them INR 20 once a week for treats. It's better for their health. Fewer tooth infections, tummy aches and trips to the hospital.

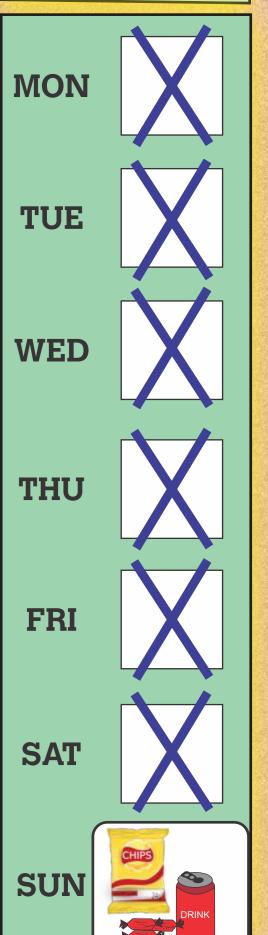


Instead of buying lunch outside, my husband and I pack our lunch dabba and save INR10 daily on samosas and chai.



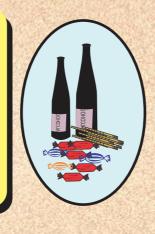


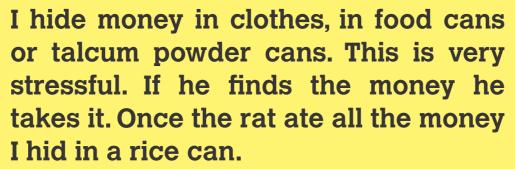


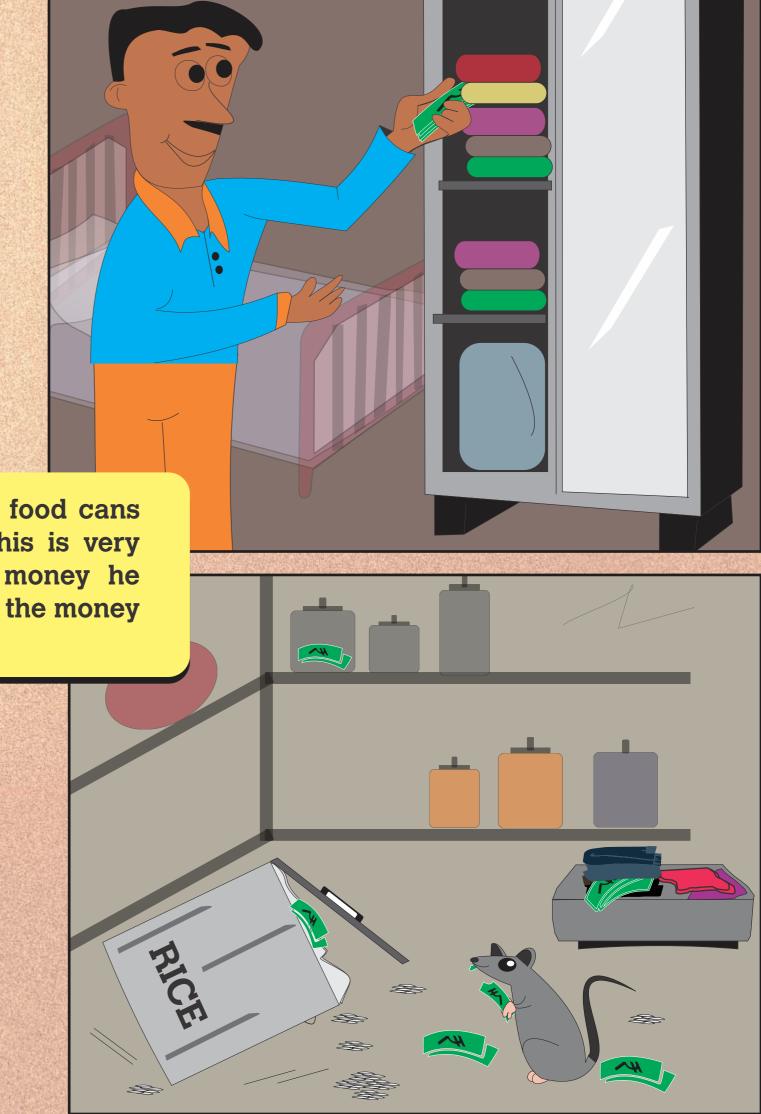




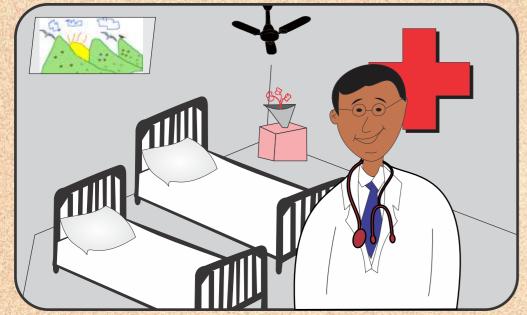
My children may understand, but my husband and I always fight about money. My husband uses my savings on gambling and for buying alcohol & cigarettes.











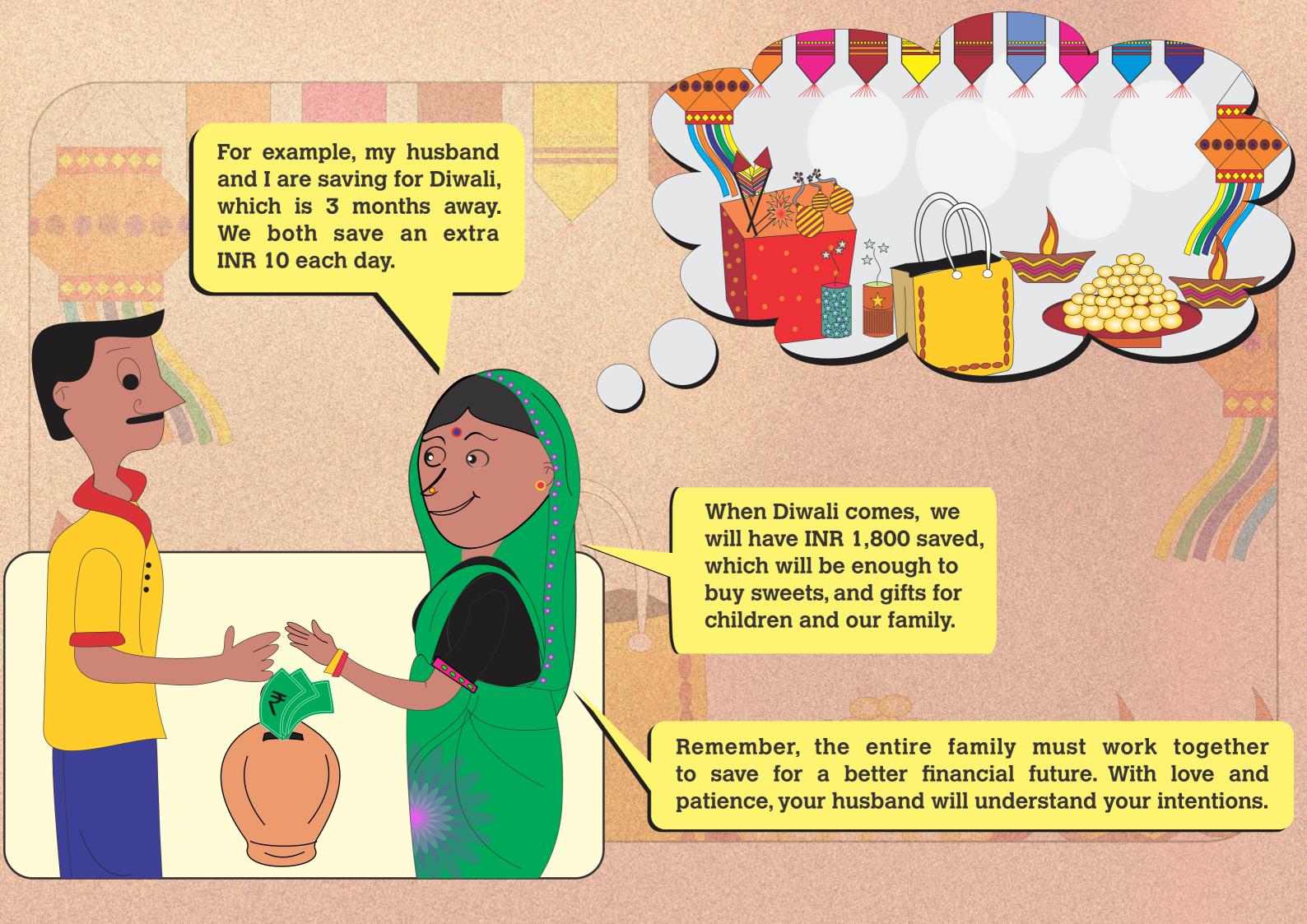




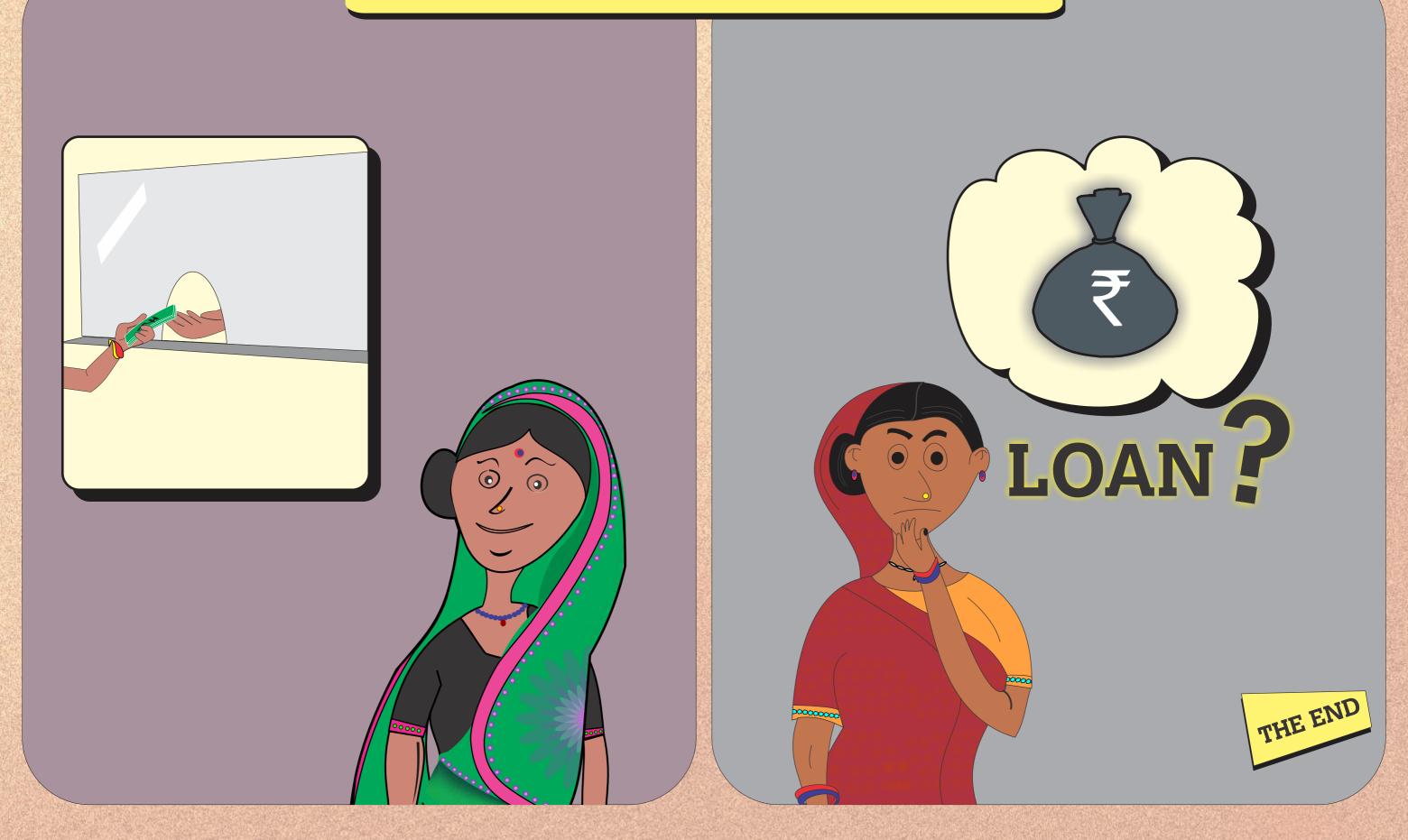
Don't fight with your husband; lovingly explain to him that you both must save together for the family's needs such as health, education and festivals.

Make savings goals so you can save for the future too. Reduce unnecessary expenses to stick to your budget.





Radha has to take a loan with interest, but Saraswati simply pays the hospital from her savings.



Our questions and your answers:

- 1. Think about your lifestyle; whose does it resemble, Saraswati's or Radha's?
- 2. Have you ever faced such a financial emergency? How did you pay for this emergency? Did you take a loan or use your savings?
- 3. Did you pay interest on your loan? What was the interest rate? How much extra did you end up paying because of interest?
- 4. Do you fight with your spouse for money? Do you discuss with your spouse about expenses and income the way Saraswati does?
- 5. Have you ever spoken with your children about the importance of saving for a better future?





Learning Lessons:

- 1. Start saving from today.
- 2. Save however little you can every day.
- 3. Make saving a priority.
- 4. Discuss with your spouse and children about saving.
- 5. Make monthly budgets.
- 6. Reduce non-essential expenses.





Story2









AFTER A LONG HARD DAY AT WORK...

Saraswati, my husband and I would like to prepare a budget as you suggested. Could you teach me how to prepare the budget?

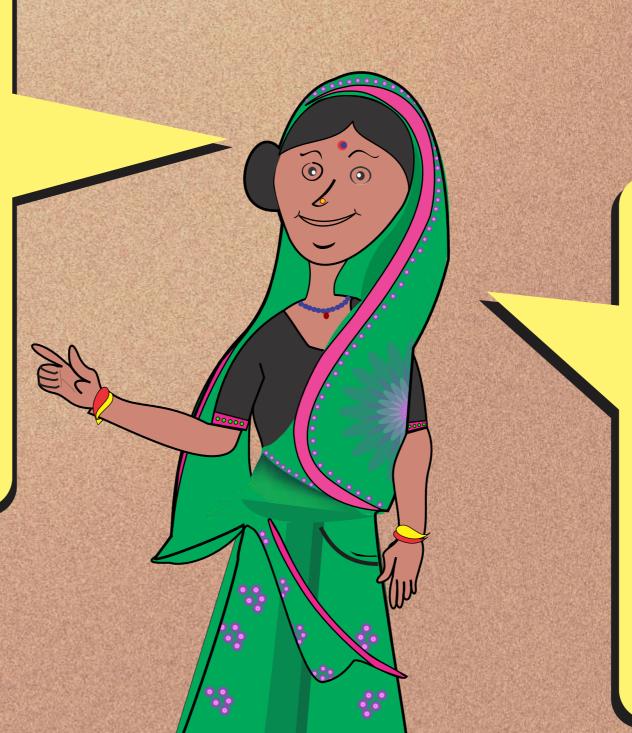




A budget is an estimate of income and expenditure for a set period of time.

To prepare the budget, you must know how much monthly income you earn from all sources.



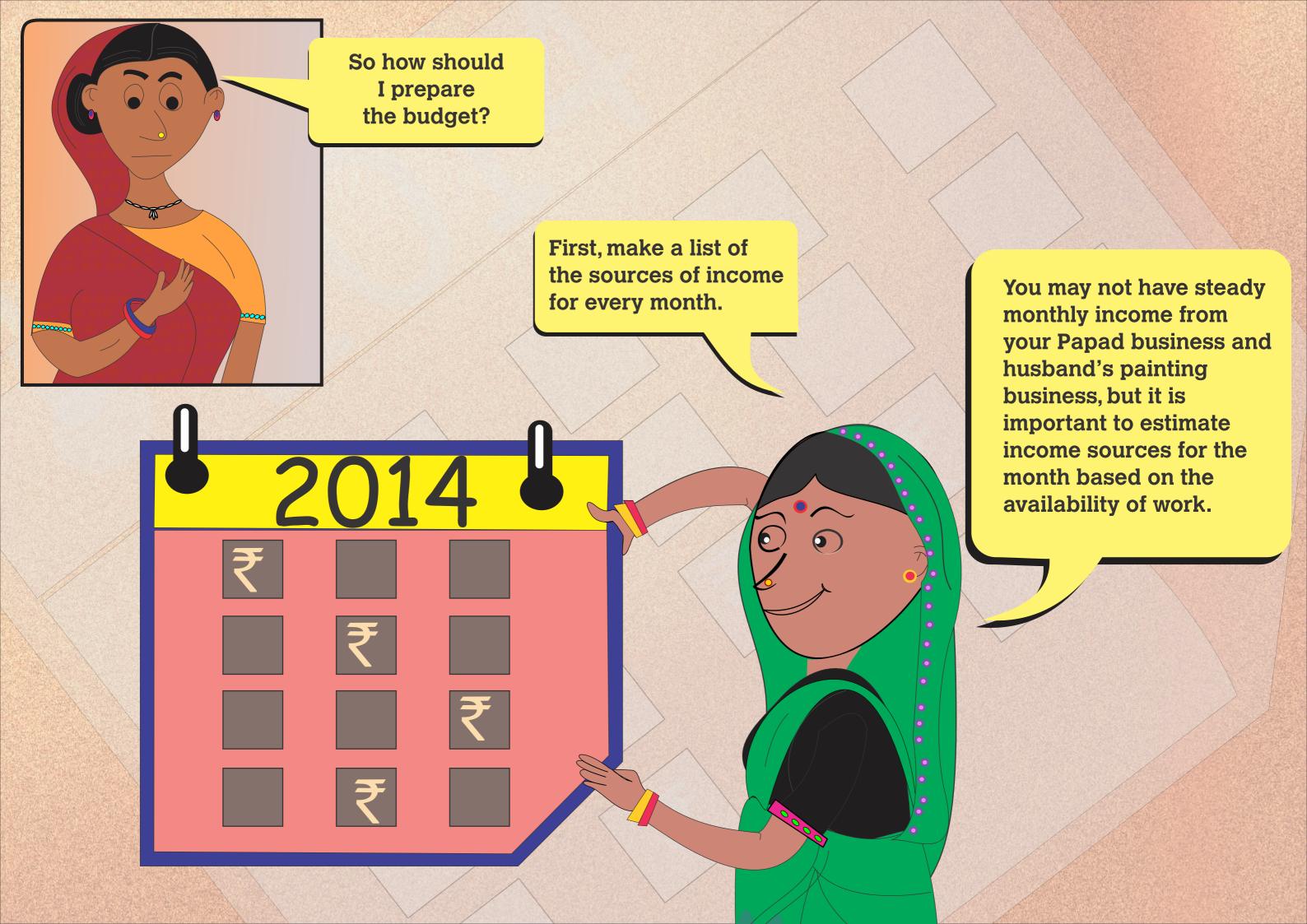


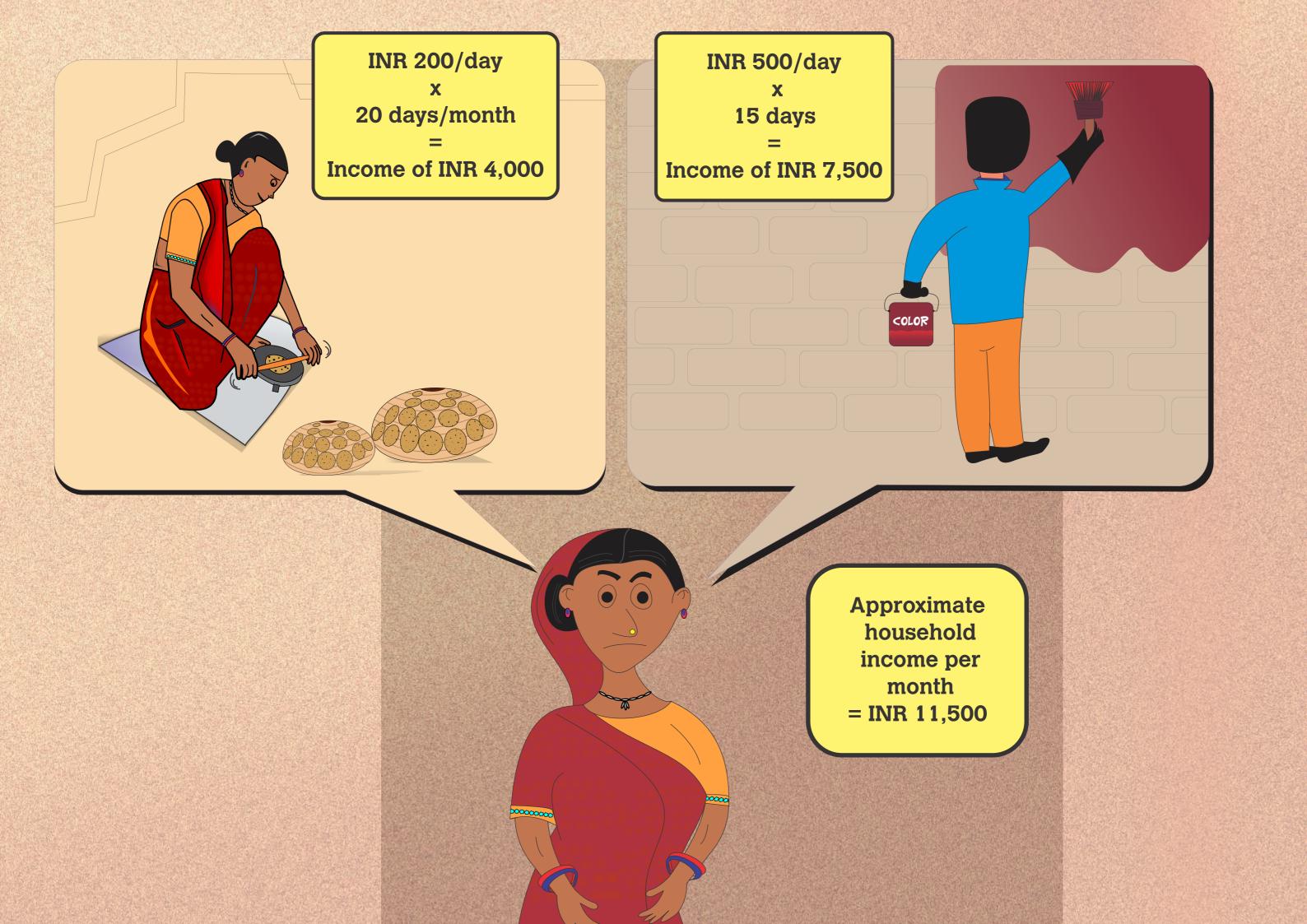


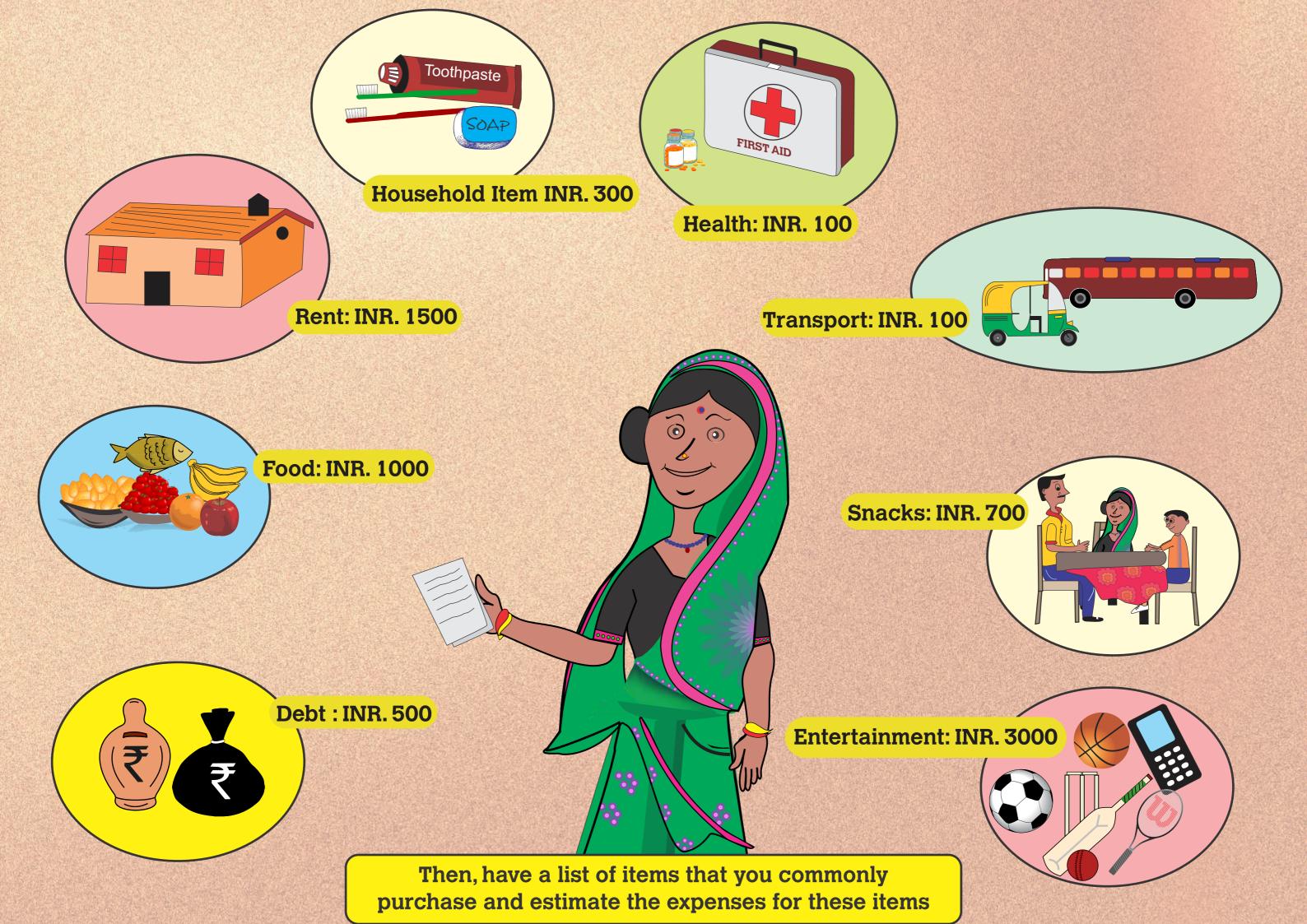
And then you need to know what your estimated monthly expenses are.















My husband and I are saving INR 250 per month each, so that we can save INR 1,000 saved up by the end of 2 months.

After Diwali, my husband and I will save INR 250 per month each, so that we can save up INR 2,000 to pay for school fees.







Our questions and your answers:

- 1. Budget preparation exercise
- 2. Table: List of income
- 3. Table: List of expenses
- 4. What are your savings goals? Why do you want to save?
- 5. How much you need to save every month to reach your saving goal?





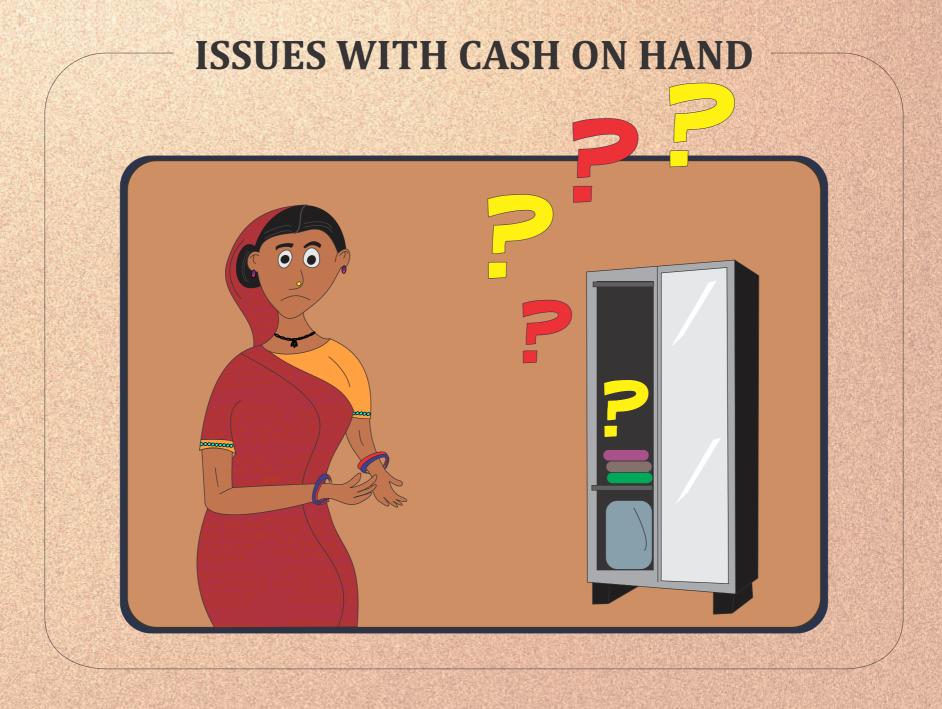
Learning Lessons:

- 1. Always pay off expensive debt as early as possible.
- 2. Budget helps us cut down unnecessary expenses
- 3. Budget helps us reach our saving goals effectively.





Story3

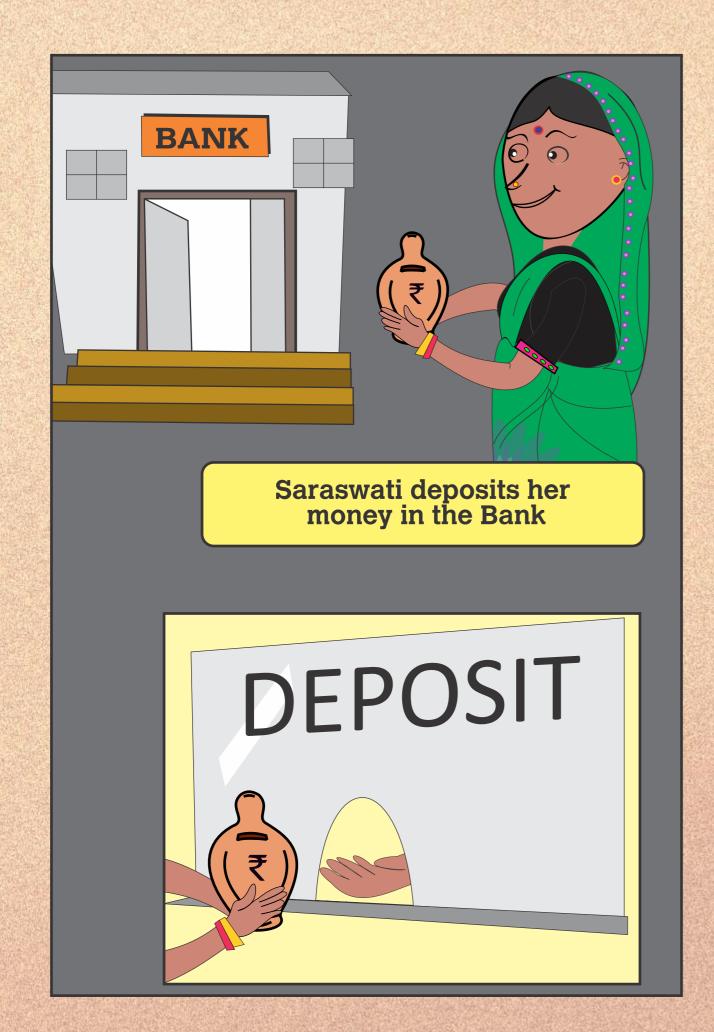


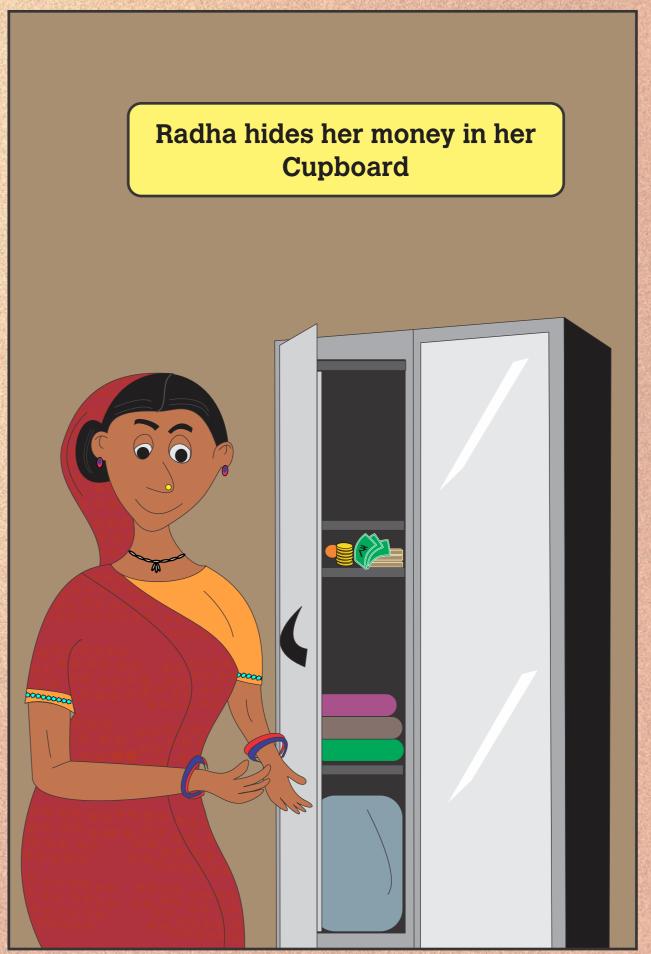




FOUR MONTHS BEFORE DIWALI...

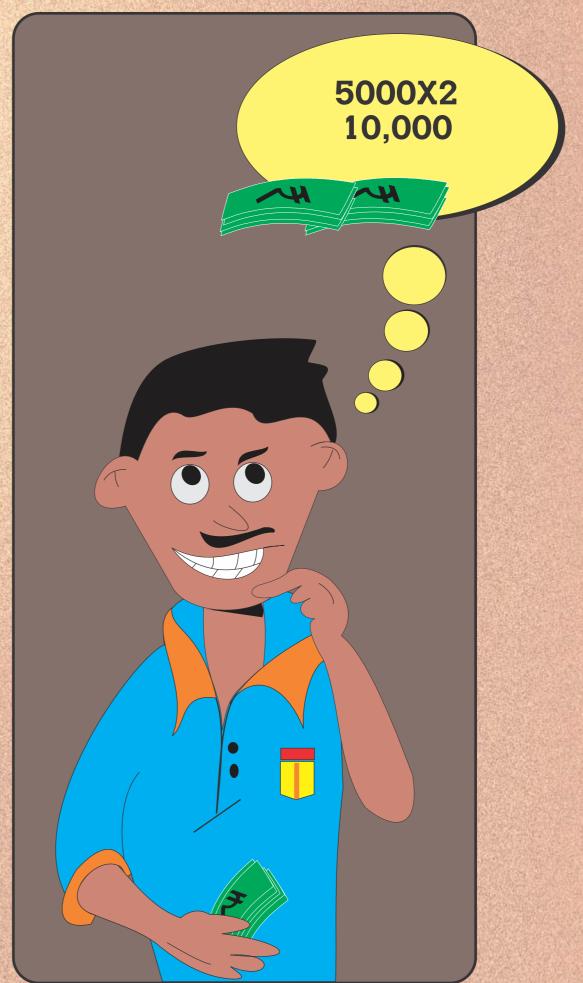




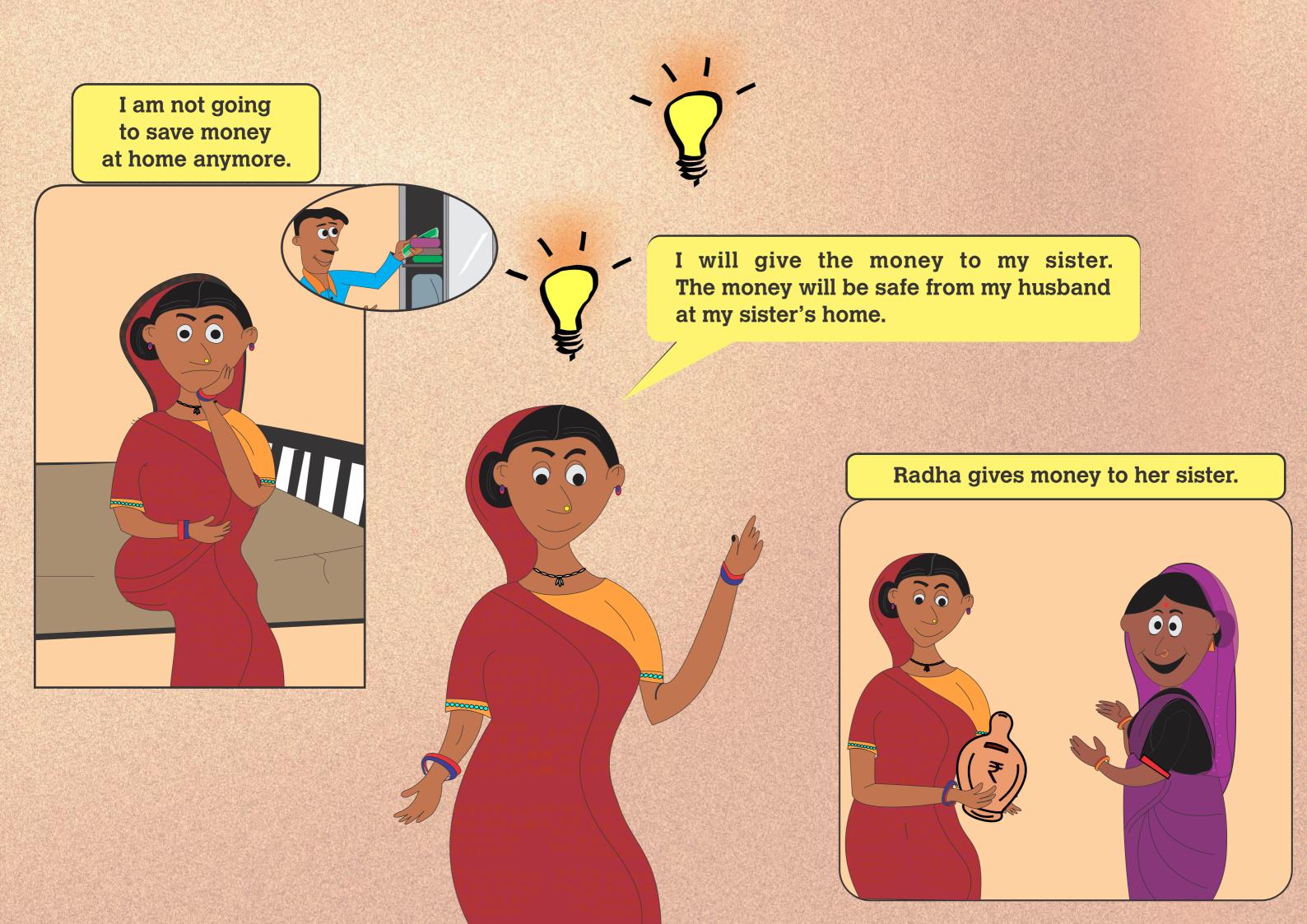


One day, Radha 's money is missing from the cupboard. Her husband took the money, gambled, and lost the money.









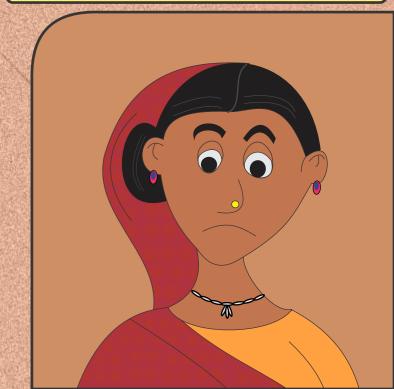


Sister, can you please hand me my money?

Radha, I am so sorry.
Our son was admitted
to the hospital last week
and we had to use your
money for his treatment.
I will return the money
as soon as possible.



Radha is sad and in despair



Our questions and your answers:

- 1. Have you ever experienced or know of anyone who has experienced any problems when trying to save money?
- 2. What are the advantages of saving at home?
- 3. What are the disadvantages of saving at home?





Learning Lessons:

- 1. If you have cash in hand, you are tempted to spend.
- 2. Keeping cash on hand may not be safe.





Story4













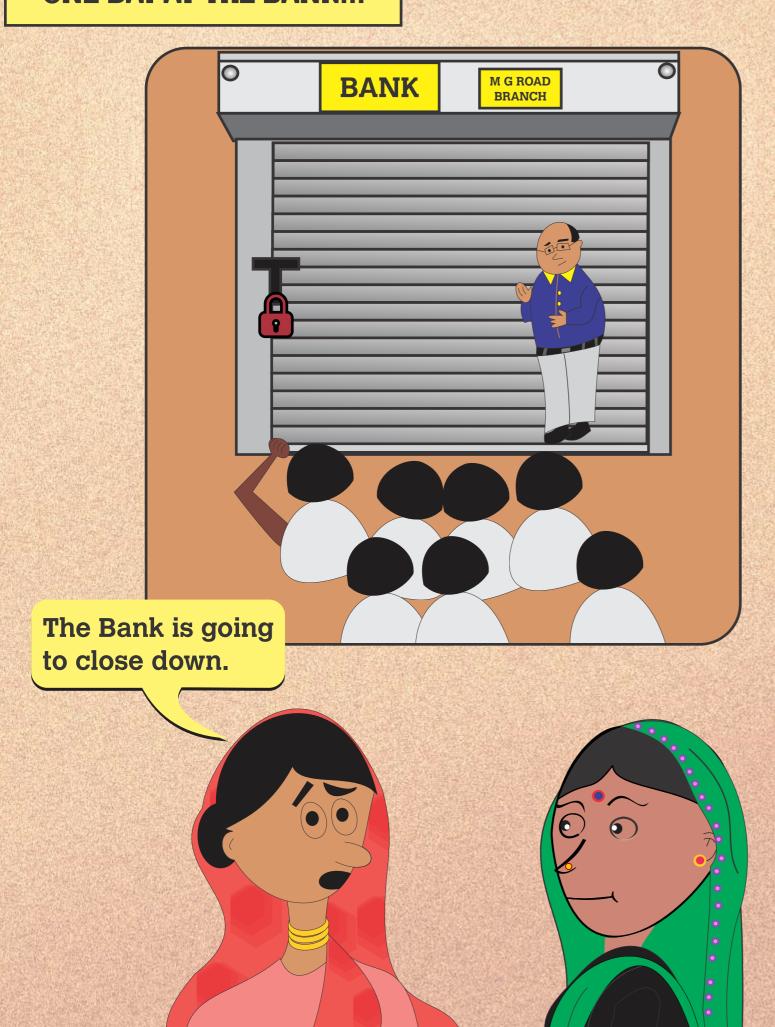
SARASWATI REGULARLY DEPOSITS HER SAVINGS AT THE LOCAL BANK NEARBY...

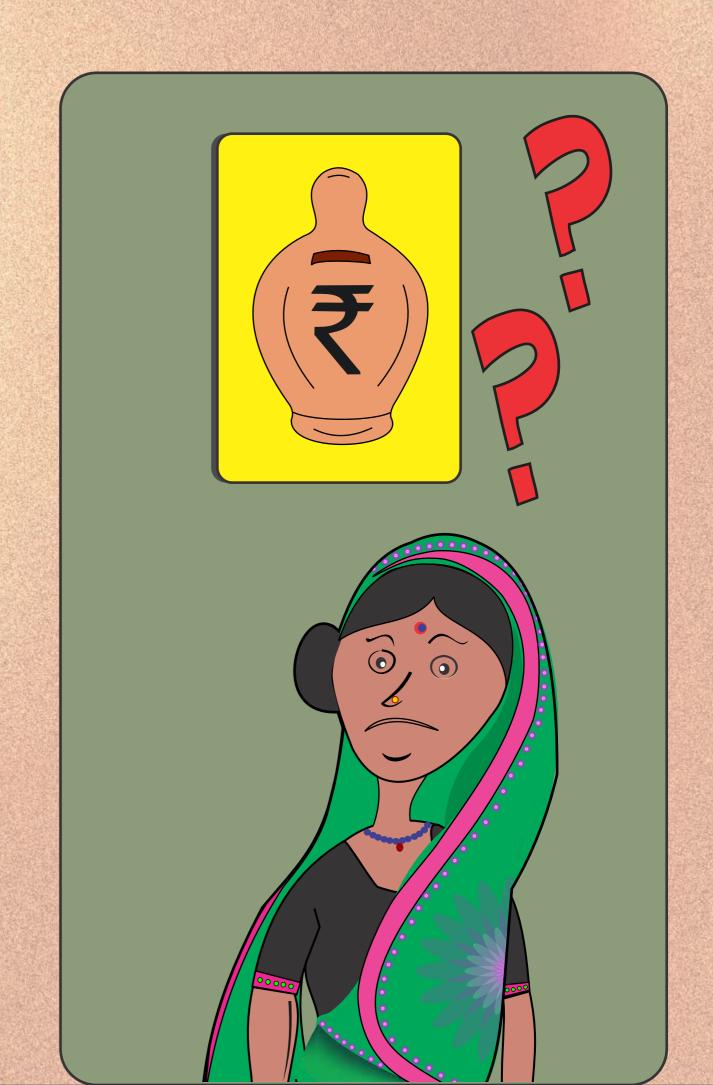


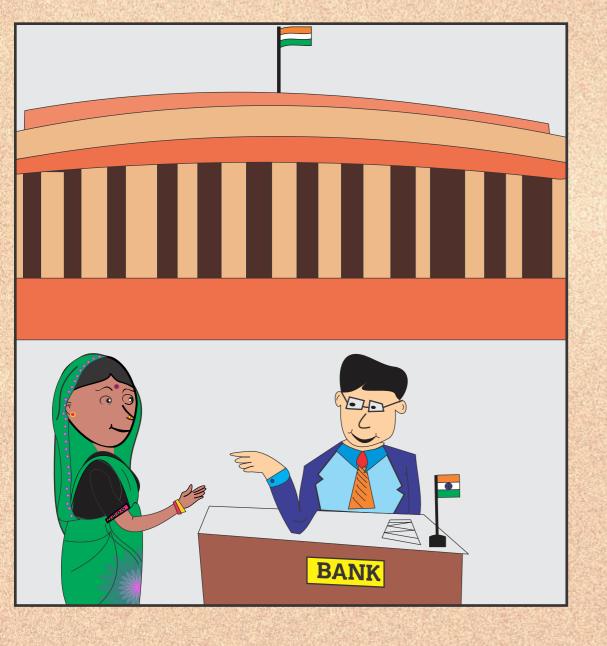
... WHILE RADHA KEEPS HER
SAVINGS IN A CHIT FUND GROUP



ONE DAY AT THE BANK...





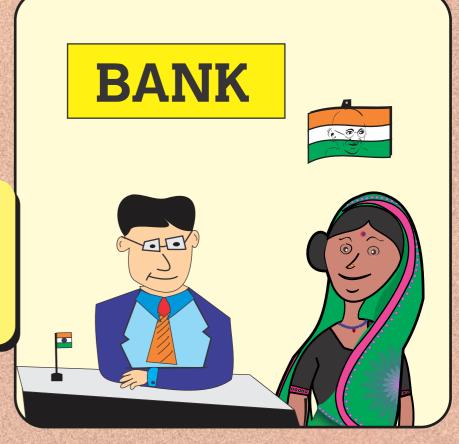


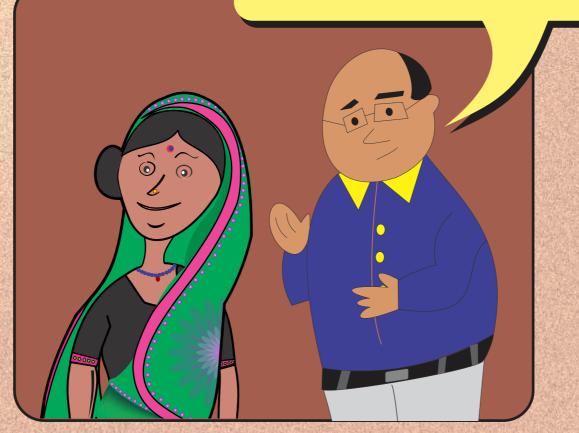


Saraswati is worried about losing her savings at the Bank

Don't worry Saraswati.

The bank was officially registered with the government. The government will be responsible for your money.





Saraswati looks relieved.



One day Radha was on her way to save with the neighbourhood chit fund.



Oh no! There has been a theft in our chit fund leader's house. INR 20,000 saved this month has been lost.



We will try to catch the thief, but we cannot guarantee your money will be recovered.





Radha, I have told you so many times, just like me, you should save money at an institution registered with the Government such as the Bank, Post Office etc. The Government will be responsible for your money.





Our questions and your answers:

- 1. Have you ever heard of a situation similar to Radha, where she lost money saving with a chit fund?
- 2. What are the advantages of saving with chit funds?
- 3. What are the disadvantages of saving with chit funds?





Learning Lessons:

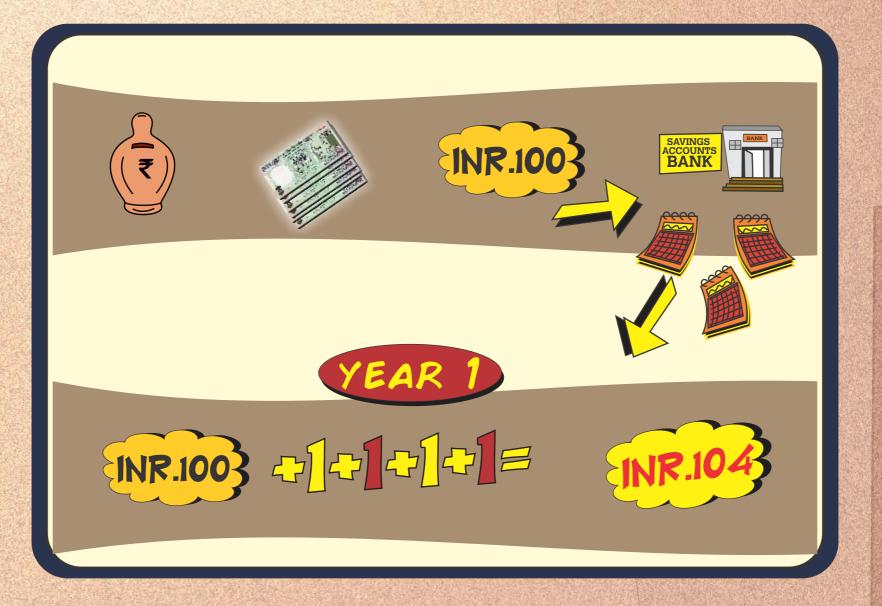
- 1. Saving money with chit funds is easy, but also has risks.
- 2. If you lose money saving with chit funds, shopkeepers, friends or family, the government is not liable to return your money back.
- 3. If the bank closes down, then the government guarantees to protect your investments.





Story 5









BANK





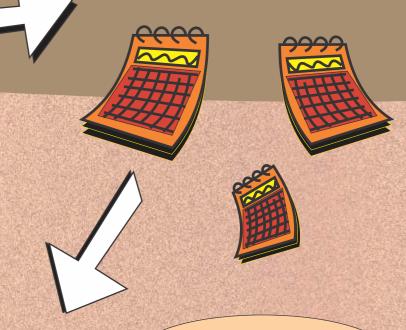


INR.100}





I get 4% interest on my savings deposited in the savings account. For example, if I deposit INR 100, this money grows to INR 104 in 1 year.



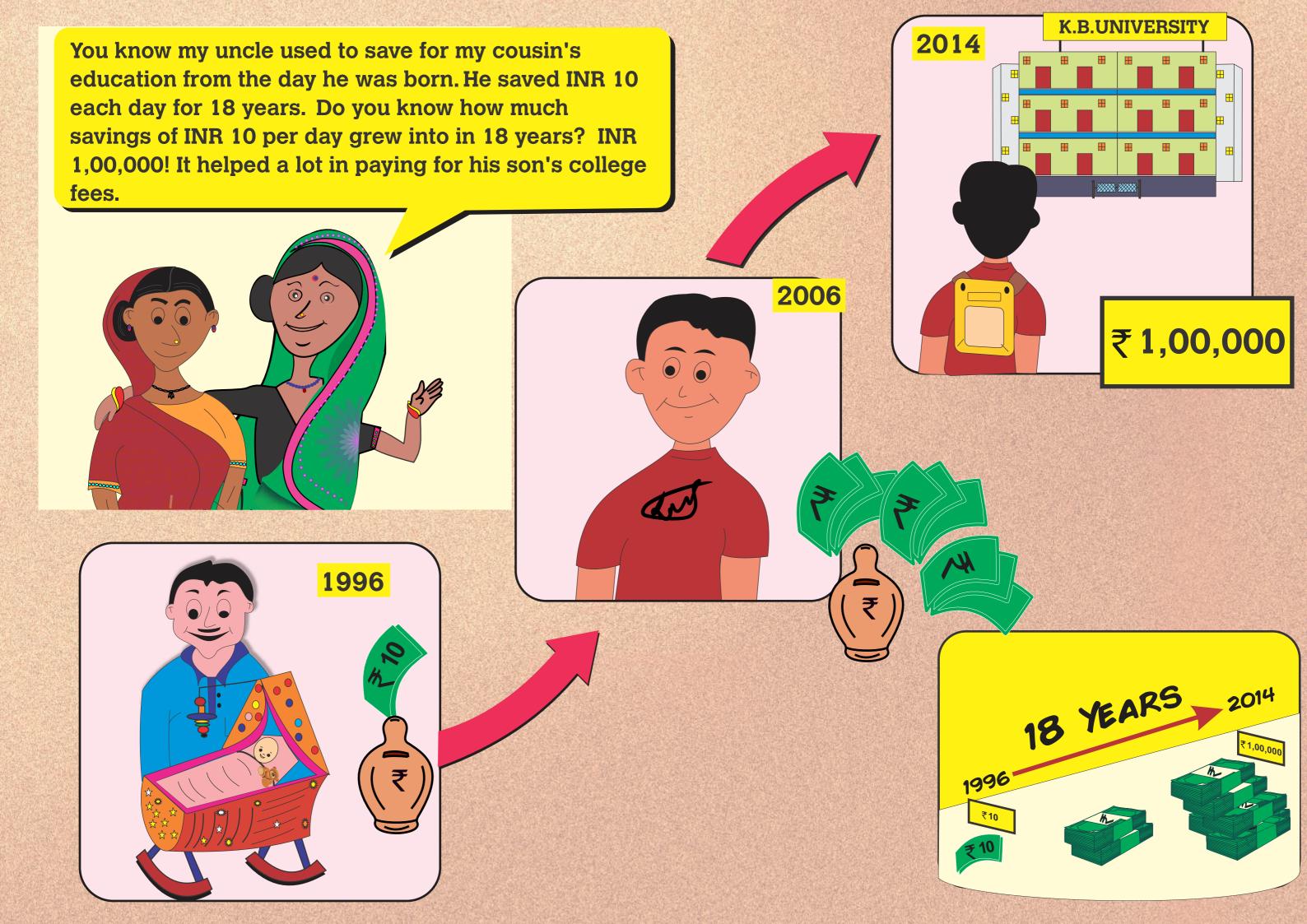
INR.100}

414141 INR.104

BANK
INR.104

Next year, I get
interest on INR 104.
This money grows
to INR 108 at the
end of 2 years.
I have to do nothing,
just earn free
interest on interest.

YEAR 1



Our questions and your answers:

- 1. Have you ever tried opening a bank account?
- 2. How was your experience at the bank?
- 3. What are the advantages of saving at a bank?
- 4. What are the disadvantages of saving at a bank?





Learning Lessons:

- 1. Saving at the bank earns you free interest on interest.
- 2. Save however little you can at the bank to earn interest.
- 3. Your deposits are safe at the bank





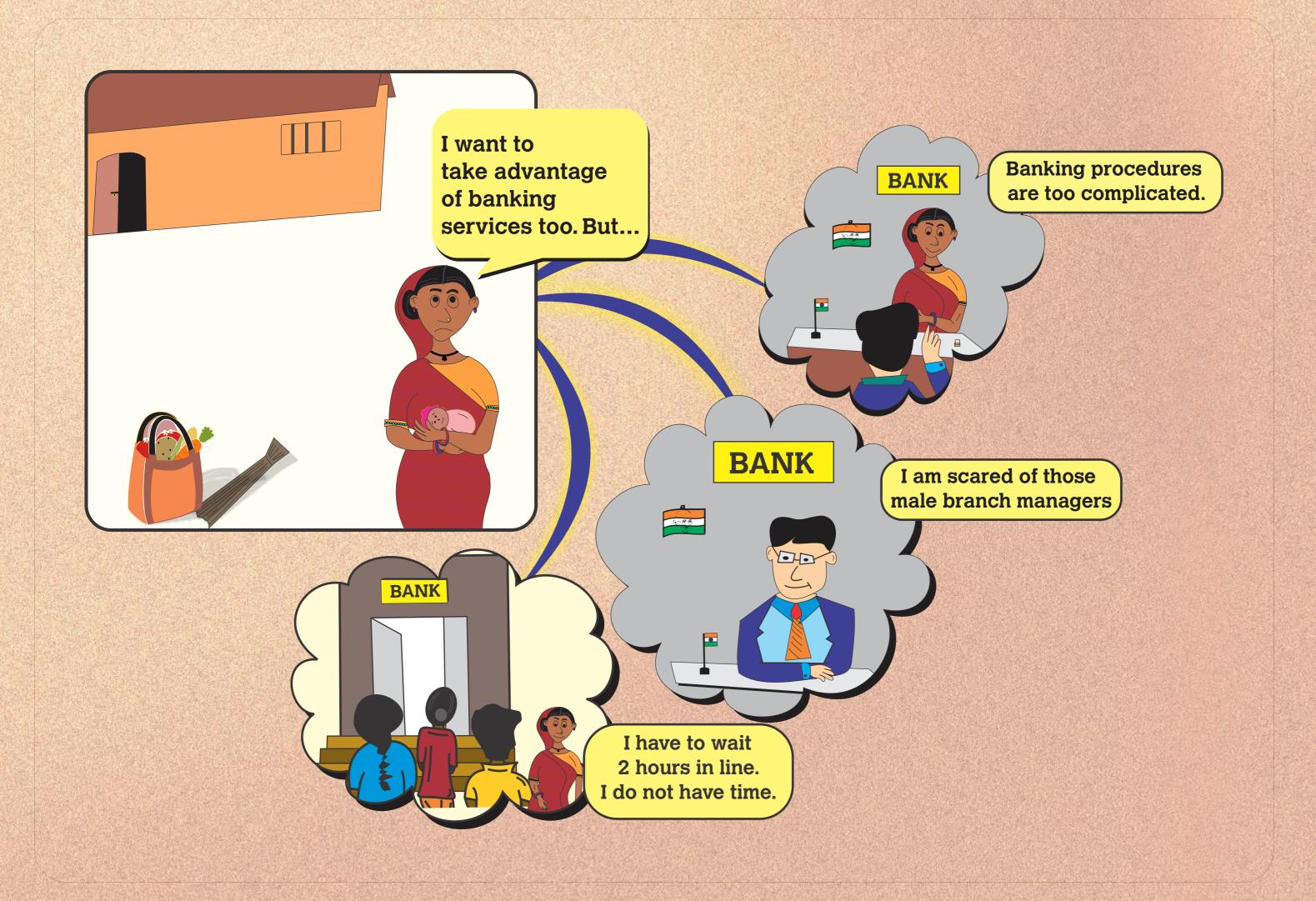
Story 6

OPENING OF BANK ACCOUNTS











The Government wants us to use the banking services. It is the bank officers' responsibility to serve us.



Radha, anybody can now open a No-Frills account.





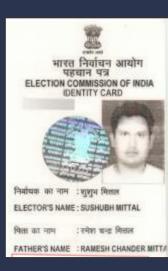


This account can opened easily if you have any of these documents









Voting Card



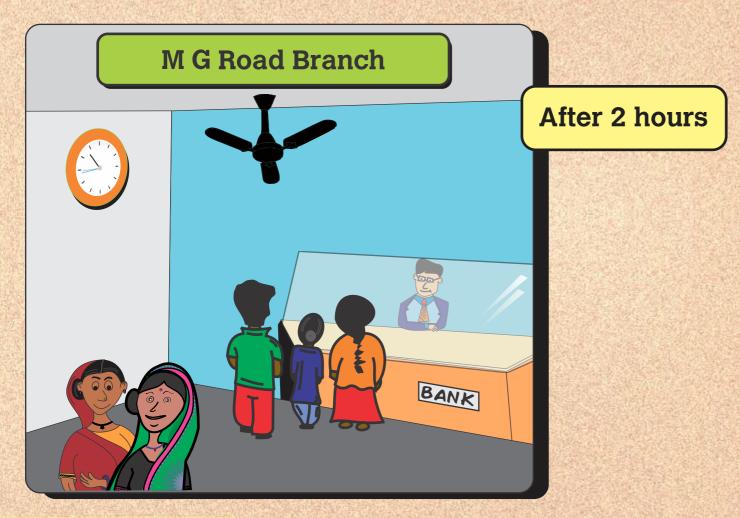
Electricity Bill



Pan Card

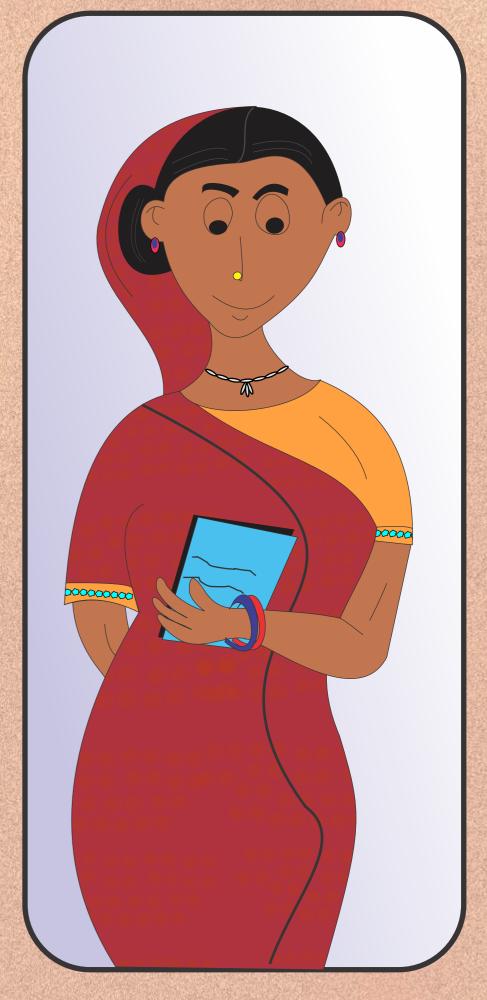


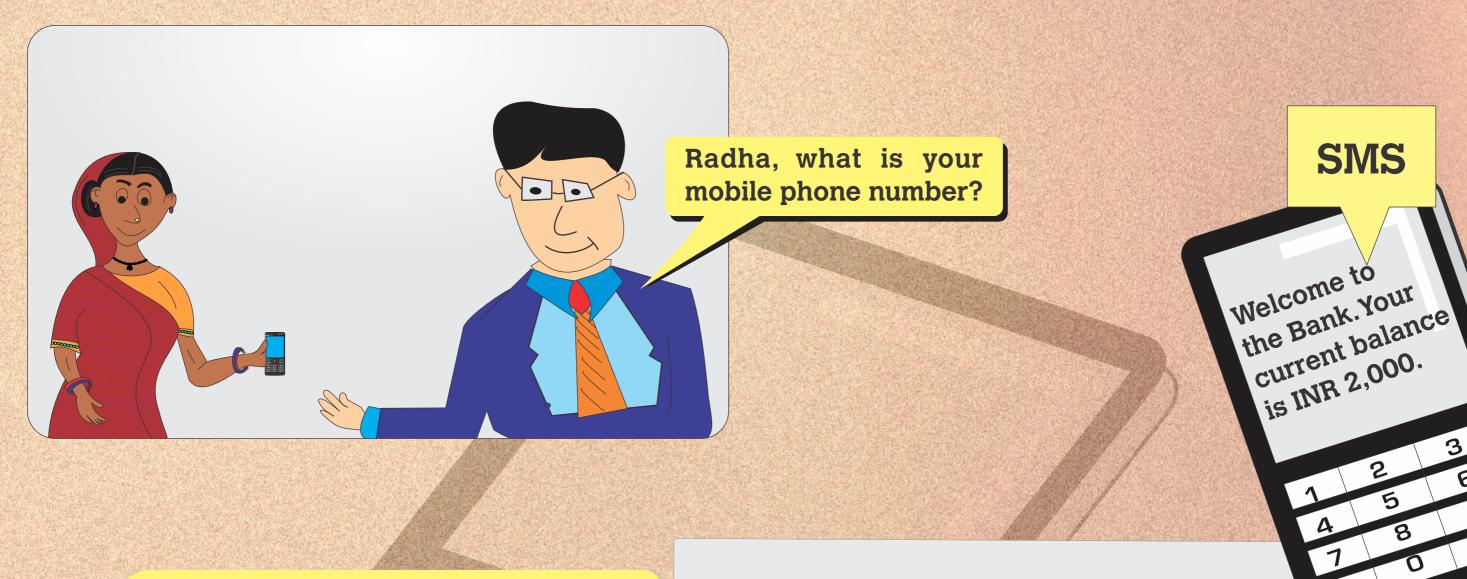
Driving License



Saraswati, you can be the reference person for Radha.
You also have a Bank account with us.
Remember that a letter from a Block Office or Panchayat Office can also be used as reference letters.







I have registered your phone
number with the account so you can
get Bank alerts and balance
information via SMS. If you lose this
phone, be sure you get a duplicate
SIM with the same number or you
can register a new phone number
with us whenever you want.



Our questions and your answers:

- 1. Did you know about the No Frills Account?
- 2. Do you have a mobile phone?



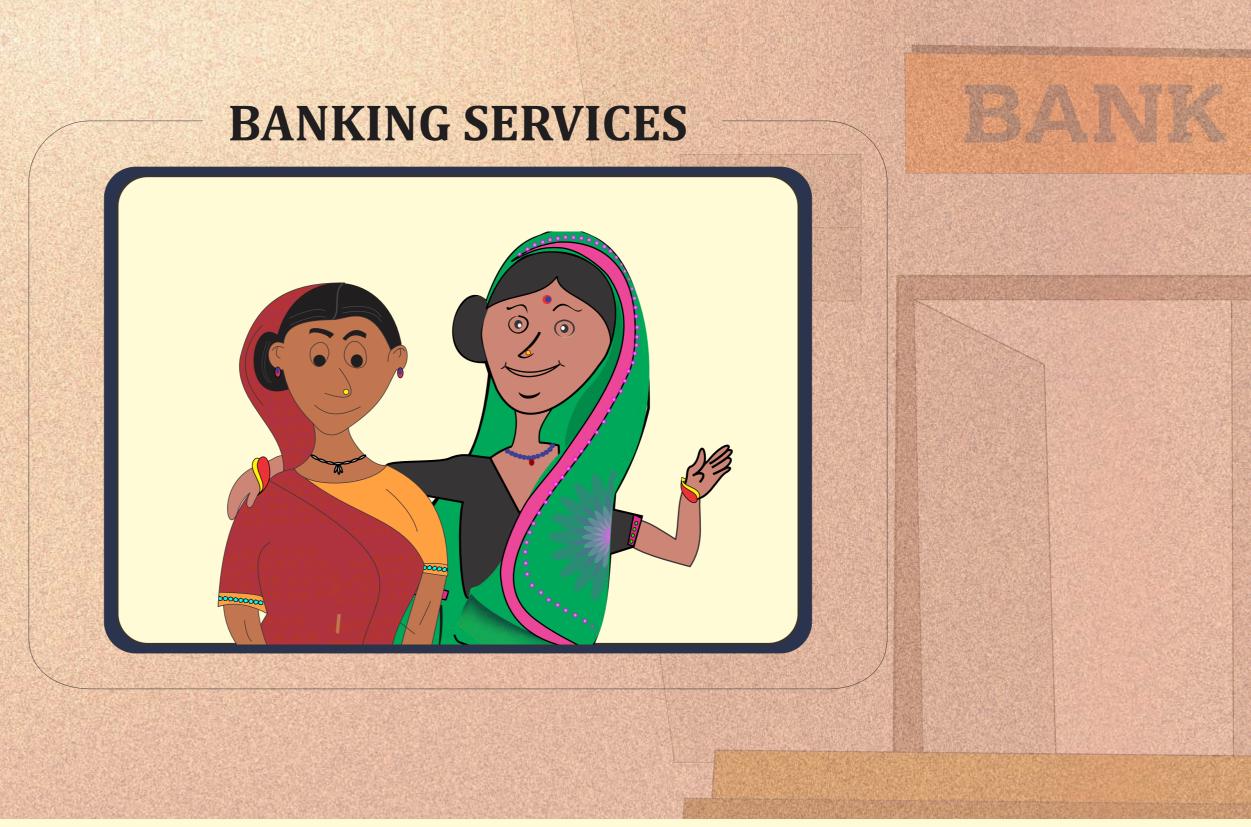


Learning Lessons:

- 1. The No Frills Account was specifically designed for you. take advantage of this service.
- 2.Register your mobile phone whenever you open an account.





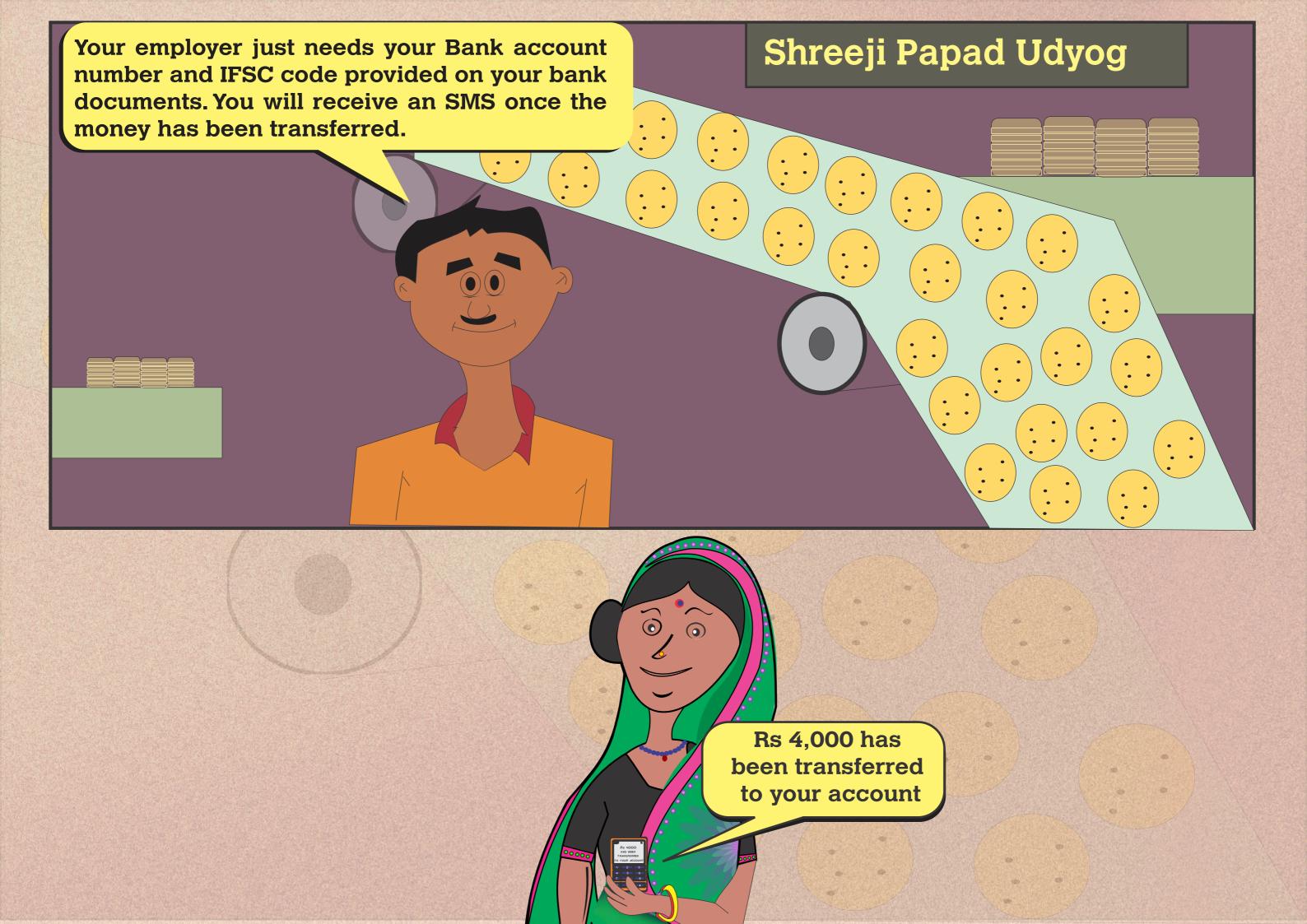




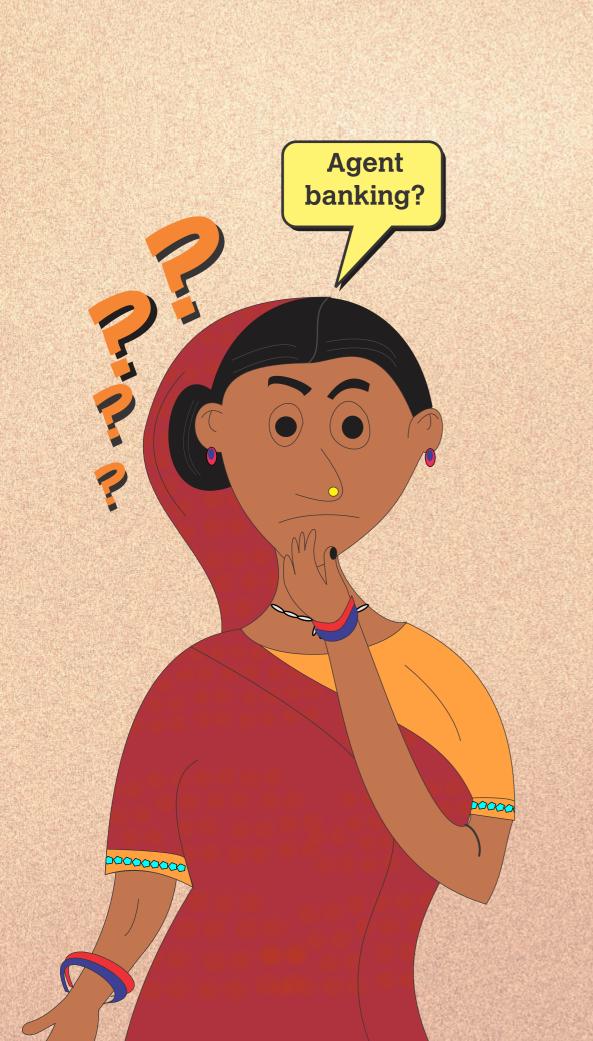












If for some reason your employer cannot deposit directly to your bank account, and if you don't want to visit the bank to deposit your savings, then you should know about AGENT BANKING. 1 2 3 4 5 6 # 0 *





These agents provide banking services right next door and are associated with Banks like State Bank of India.





ONE MONTH LATER...



Our questions and your answers:

- 1. Have you ever tried opening a No Frills Account?
- 2. What documents did you have to provide to open the account?
- 3. Have you ever tried remitting money through a Tatkal Agent?
- 4. If Yes, what steps did you follow to remit the money? How much did you pay in fees?
- 5. If No, would you be interested in using a Tatkal agent in future to remit money?





Learning Lessons:

- 1. No Frills Accounts are easy-to-use accounts for basic savings services.
- 2. You can use the NFA accounts to remit money home safely and quickly using Tatkal Agents, or using the Bank.
- 3. Opening the Account will take some time at first, but will offer a lifetime of benefits.





Story8

Engagement in Self Help Groups (SHGs)



































Question answer

- 1. Have you heard about the SHGs in your neighbourhood?
- 2.Are you a member of SHG? If so, do you attend meeting regularly? Do you save? Do you save regularly with the SHGs
- 3.If you are not a member of a SHG, why did you choose not to be a member?
- 4. What are the advantages of being part of SHGs?



Lessons learnt:

- 1.Being part of an SHG group helps us save regularly.
- 2. Saving as a group, helps us being committed to our savings goals.
- 3.SHG members get help from they group when they need.
- 4. Active SHGs are engaged in community work.
- 5.Disciplined and active SHGs have more opportunities to receive financial help from the Government and NGOs.
- 6.Disciplined and active SHGs can apply for savings accounts and loans with the Bank.

